

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, December 9.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Max. 79; Min. 68. Weather, fair.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.315c. Per Ton, \$86.33.
88 Analysis Beets, 12s. 7½d. Per Ton, \$93.60.

VOL. L., NO. 8530.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CITIZENSHIP IS ADVISED BY UCHIDA

ROBERTSON IS LAWYERS' CHOICE

Ambassador Urges the Japanese Born in America to Take Part in Government.

NIPPON WOULD BE LET ALONE

Wants to Be Allowed to Carry Out Her Own Policy in Manchuria.

"I sincerely hope that all those Japanese born in America will, when they grow up, become loyal citizens of the United States."

The above statement was made last night by Baron Uchida at the resi-



BARON UCHIDA.
Japanese Ambassador on Board the Tenyo Maru Yesterday.

dence of Japanese Consul-General Uyeno, in the presence of a large number of the prominent Japanese and a few of the American residents of Honolulu, and was only one of several very important and significant statements made by the new ambassador to the United States, who is on his way to his new post in Washington.

This is the first time that a diplomatic representative of Japan has addressed the Hawaiian people.

CLARENCE COOKE NO LONGER COMMISSIONER

After a long service as chairman of the Oahu Board of License Commissioners Clarence M. Cooke has tendered his resignation to Acting Governor Mott-Smith. Mr. Cooke gives as his reasons for his decision the fact that he is a stockholder and a director of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, whose vessels are all equipped with bars. As the law states that no man who is connected with a company or business selling liquor, Mr. Cooke finds himself disqualified. J. A. Gilman was formerly disqualified for the same reason, he being a stockholder in the O. R. & L. Co., which in turn held stock in the Haleiwa Hotel, which sells liquor.

DENIES THE REPORT OF AN "OPEN DOOR"

The special correspondent of the New York Herald at Tokio, cabling under date of November 20, denies flatly the announcement of Secretary of State Knox that Japan has assured America of the status of the "open door." He says:

"I learn on good authority that there is no foundation for the report that Japan has given Washington a pledge that the agreement with China regarding Manchuria does not violate the 'open door' policy.

"It is understood here that Japan has not been asked to furnish such assurance and Japan has volunteered none."

Unanimous Rising Vote Declares Him to Be the Bar Association's Preference.

NAMED FOR FEDERAL JUDGE

Attorney Kinney Forestalls Action by Cabling Nominee's Name to Washington.

A. G. M. Robertson has been endorsed by the bar association to fill the vacancy on the federal bench caused by the resignation of Judge Woodruff.

This action was taken by the organization at a meeting yesterday, and was unanimous, the motion being made by R. W. Breckons, who, as United States district attorney for the district of Hawaii, will come in direct daily contact with Robertson, should he be appointed to the place.

The meeting was an exceptionally short one, nearly all the members coming to it with a pretty clear idea of what the result would be. The only member who ventured to intimate that any other candidate would be acceptable to the association was W. O. Smith.

W. A. Kinney, president of the association, presided, and announced, immediately after he called the meeting to order, that he had taken the liberty to cable to the United States attorney-general, to the Governor and to George B. McClellan, stating that it was assured that the bar association would undoubtedly endorse Robertson for the position. He also wirelessly to Delegate Kuhio, now on the Big Island, for permission to send word to McClellan, which permission Cupid sent back, incidentally giving his own endorsement to Robertson.

A motion was then made that the president's action be approved, but it was not acted on. Breckons then arose and in a short speech nominated the candidate, saying that he would like to see the decision of the association in favor of Robertson made unanimous.

Smith, however, took the floor, with an objection to the motion. In a rather long address he advocated that other names be placed on the cable naming the choice of the bar association. When commencing his address he mentioned the names of H. E. Cooper and another, who were both candidates for the position, but thereafter referred to Cooper alone.

He stated that, in his opinion, the practice of placing but one name for choice was rather unfair to the other good men who were tacit candidates for the position, and also to those members of the association whose preference lay towards other than the candidate nominated.

He suggested that two or three agreeable to the bar association should be named, and the message to the attorney-general worded to the effect that either of them would be acceptable.

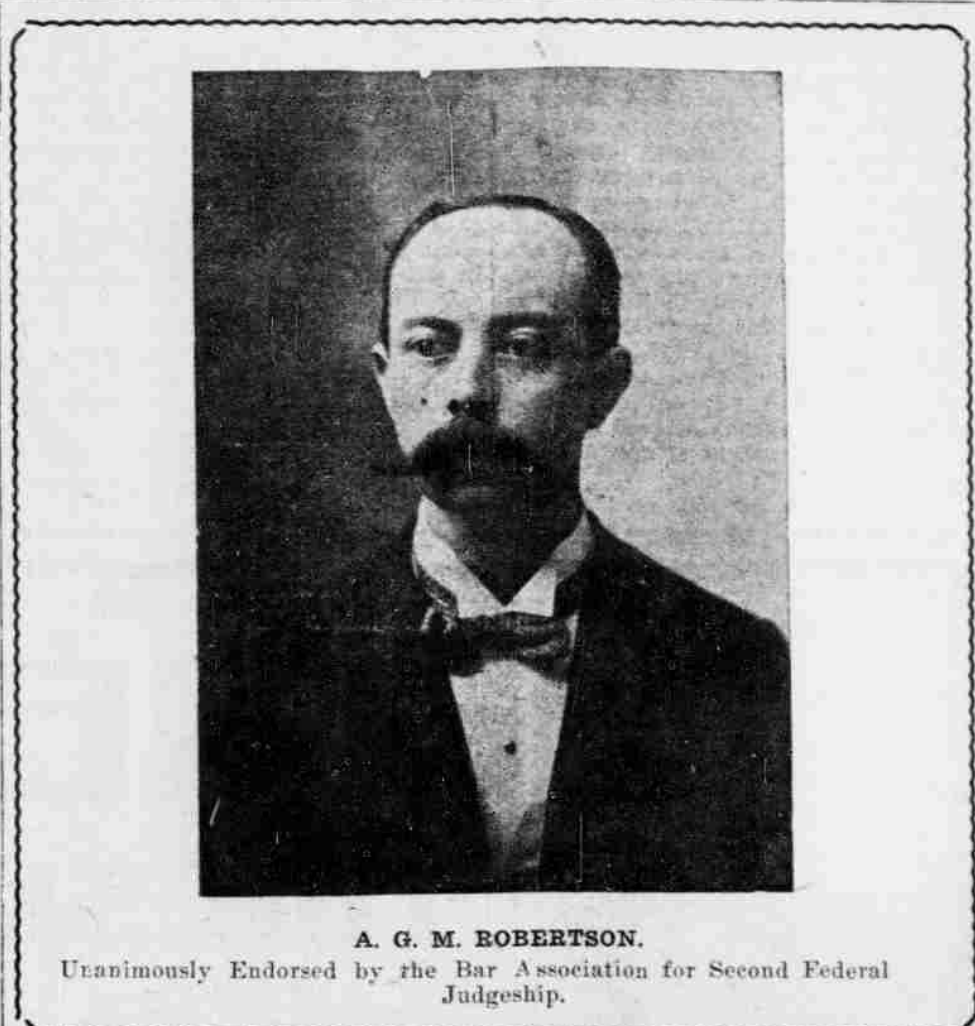
Magoon then arose and made a short speech endorsing Robertson, saying that his work here was deserving of recognition and that he was a capable lawyer. Breckons called for a rising vote, but Magoon objected and demanded a ballot. Breckons' rising vote motion was put to the question and carried by a small majority.

Smith arose to state that he would not vote, as he was debarred by apparent reasons and would therefore remain silent. Breckons' original motion was put to the question, and all, with the exception of Smith, arose, declaring Robertson the official choice of the bar association. Kinney was instructed to wire Washington to that effect. The meeting adjourned on motion of Thompson.

Those present were Messrs. Kinney, Magoon, Lindsay, Smith, Davis, Watson, Olson, Breckons, Rawlins, Parke, Carter, Anderson, Weaver, Clemons, Thompson, Peterson, Thayer, Douthitt, Coke, Peters, Harrison, Andrews and Greenwell.

STARTS NAVY FIGHT.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, December 9.—Congressman Charles H. Cowles of North Carolina announced in the house today his intention of opposing the liberal appropriation for the coal supply of the navy. He proposes to reduce the appropriation for coal to be used by the navy one million of dollars. This will, of course, be vigorously contested by those who do not believe in a navy that spends all its time in port.



TENYO MARU WILL STAY OVER A DAY

MOONSHINER IS CAUGHT ON MAUI

A Large Quantity of Oil to Be Taken on Board Is Cause of the Delay.

At a late hour last night it was learned that the Tenyo Maru will probably not go out until tomorrow morning. She has to take on 3200 barrels of oil and the local pumps can deliver only 250 barrels an hour so that, even though she get warped alongside the Hackfeld wharf soon after daylight, it will still be twelve hours before she can get all her fuel on board. By that time it will be after dark and Captain Bent states that she may wait until the morning before leaving.

This will allow one more day for those who have not written all their Christmas letters. The postoffice will doubtless keep open for Coast mail until tonight, if this announcement is confirmed. At any rate the vessel can not possibly leave before tonight.

This will be pleasing news to the Japanese residents of this town who will have one more day in which to get a view of their Emperor's representative and will doubtless be equally welcome to Baron and Baroness Uchida, who have been on the water for long enough to make an extra day on shore a very pleasing change.

COMMISSIONER AND CAPTAIN DISAGREE

Captain Josselyn of the bark Nunanu and Admiral Almy had a little passage at arms yesterday afternoon. The pilikia came up over Captain Josselyn's desire to disrate two boys, whom he had signed on at eighteen dollars a month, to five dollars a month.

Admiral Almy instructed the captain that he must pay the two boys at the rate of eighteen dollars a month and must take them back to New York and pay them at that rate until they were landed there.

In speaking of the matter, the shipping commissioner said: "The two lads looked like strong, willing boys to me, and I could not understand why they should be disrated. I asked the captain why, and he said that they could not steer. I then asked him if they could steer when they came aboard, and he said 'No.'"

"I therefore argued that if they were shipped at that rate of pay, unable to steer, they should still be paid, whether they learned or not. But, so far as that is concerned, as long as they were signed on at eighteen dollars, the captain had no right to disrate them for any such amount, especially as a common sailor's wages are fifteen dollars a month on deep-sea vessels."

"Unless the matter is taken into court out of my jurisdiction, the boys will receive their full pay and will be allowed a proper amount of liberty ashore while the vessel is here."

COASTWISE NAVIGATION LAW.

The public is invited to attend a meeting to discuss a petition to congress to suspend the operation of the coastwise navigation laws in their relation to Hawaii, at the makai pavilion of the Alexander Young building, this afternoon at four o'clock.

Doyle Arrests Japanese Who Made Booze From Pineapples.

Scientific distillers, with fine copper apparatus costing thousands of dollars, have confessed themselves unable to distill a good liquor from pineapples. A smiling little son of Nippon, living at Pihi, Maui, has succeeded, and for his success he is now under arrest, charged with violation of the internal revenue laws. He is accused of having manufactured liquor without a license.

The Japanese, whose name is Y. Nishida, was arrested Wednesday night by Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue J. Walter Doyle as the result of a pretty piece of quick work on the part of the government official. Doyle had known for a moral certainty for some time that Nishida was moonshining, but it was hard to get at him. The place where his cabin is situated, at Pihi, is so located that any one approaching the place can be spotted a long way off, and the moonshiner have plenty of time to conceal the evidence of his industry.

But early this week the collector got a message to the effect that the "plant" was ripe, and Doyle was dispatched to Maui on the Mauna Kea.

An automobile was waiting for him when he landed, and he sprang in, was whirled through Wailuku without stopping, and in an hour and a half had reached the place where horses were waiting for him and the deputy sheriff who accompanied him. The rest was easy. Nishida was caught with the goods, and the deputy returned to Wailuku with his prisoner and a simple but very effective still. The latter has been added to the choice collection in the office of the collector of internal revenue and the name of Nishida has been added to the docket of the Federal court.

The prisoner appeared before United States Commissioner George A. Davis yesterday morning and was bound over to the January term of court. Nishida, when asked where he learned to make booze from pineapples, replied, "My father, he show me in Japan when I very young boy."

OBSERVATORY FUND GROWING SLOWLY

The Kaimuki observatory building fund was yesterday increased by ten dollars, that amount being placed on The Advertiser list by H. Culman. This brings the total on The Advertiser list to date to \$170. As no announcement is being made by either of the afternoon papers as to the amounts subscribed to on their lists, a grand total is not obtainable. The Advertiser list now stands:

Kaimuki, Palolo and Wai'alae Improvement Club.....	\$50
A. Friend.....	10
Charles A. Stanton.....	25
Chas. G. Bartlett.....	25
Civic Federation.....	25
Hawaiian Gazette Company.....	15
The Advertiser.....	10
H. Culman.....	10
Total.....	\$170

LAKE STEAMER BURNS.

(By Associated Press.)
CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 9.—The S. S. Clarion of the interlake traffic lines caught fire today on Lake Erie from an unknown cause and burned to the water line. Two of her crew are known to have been drowned in the panic that followed and thirteen are missing and supposed to have met the fate of the others or to have been burned to death.

TAFT'S RETORT TO SCHWERIN

American Subsidy Ought to Go With American Crews and Not Orientals.

HAWAII IS WIDELY KNOCKED

Easterners Told Islands Are Hard to Get to and Harder to Get Away From.

A prominent citizen, whose affiliation with an afternoon newspaper makes it inappropriate to name in this connection, is now a staunch advocate of the suspension of the coastwise laws so far as they restrict passenger travel between this port and the mainland. His first hope had been that a subsidy bill might be passed, but a conversation overheard by him between General Manager Schwerin of the Pacific Mail and President Taft, in San Francisco, knocked his ideas of the connection between the coastwise laws and the flag.

The conversation took place between the President and the Pacific Mail manager aboard one of the Pacific Mail liners, then lying in the San Francisco harbor. Schwerin was hot on the subsidy proposition, trying to get some definite promise from the President that the Pacific Mail would come in for a share in case a subsidy bill should pass.

"Well, do you not think, Mr. President," Schwerin is reported to have said, "that a subsidy bill will help us to maintain the flag on the Pacific?" The President looked around him at the liner's crew, busy at unloading, scrubbing and such. Then he looked at Schwerin and answered: "Not until you man your vessels with American crews."

Knocked All Over East.

Another prominent business man of the city, who has recently returned from a mainland trip that extended through some of the eastern States, tells how he met people all over the East who wanted to come to Honolulu and had been prevented from starting on account of the answers returned them by the San Francisco steamship agents or by the reports in general circulation that it was hard to get to Hawaii and almost impossible to get back.

Important Meeting Today.

It is important that the mass meeting called by the civic federation for this afternoon, to be held in the makai pavilion of the Young Hotel at four o'clock, be attended by as many as have the good of the community at heart. Practically everyone favors suspension, and this very fact may result in a small meeting, everyone supposing that everyone else will be there and that his own absence will count for little.

If a thousand attend it will not be too many, and everyone who can possibly arrange to be present should be there.

Now is the time to speak.

Chamber of Commerce Quiet.

There is some comment on the fact that the chamber of commerce has not taken up this matter definitely and reiterated its desire to have the coastwise shackles on the growth of the community taken off. It is thought that the chamber should follow the lead of the merchants' association and do some cabling to Washington.

PEARL HARBOR IS A MISTAKE

There is one man on the mainland, at least, who fails to see the necessity for fortifying Pearl Harbor and who regards that work as folly. This is Rev. Dr. Charles F. Dole, of Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, who addressed the Nayasset Club of Springfield, recently. His subject was "Hawaii and Her Problems," his reference to Pearl Harbor being reported as follows:

"Doctor Dole is strongly of the opinion that the United States made a mistake in fortifying Pearl Harbor. He feels it is like telling the Japanese that this country is suspicious of them. It is human nature, he says, to be suspicious in return. He believed that one of the marked characteristics of the Japanese is that one gets from them much the same kind of attitude and action that one gives them. Ten years ago, or even now, Reverend Doctor Dole said, this country could give its word to the world that it would build no more warships; could say that we wished nothing that did not belong to us, and were suspicious of no one. He believes that the whole world would have followed this country's lead. In that way this country could have set the pace, as it does in many good works, in peace and good will toward the world. It would have been, he said, a venture with some risk, but a venture such as some of those by which civilization has made strides in its progress."

ARE VERY MAD AT UNCLE SAM

Central American Citizens Tell United States What They Think of Her.

CHARGE VIOLATION OF RIGHTS

Zelaya Will Step Down and Out in Three Weeks, According to Reports.

(By Associated Press.)

CITY OF MEXICO, December 10.—Fifty of the prominent members of the Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Costa Rican, Honduran and Guatemalan colonies here met at a private residence yesterday and adopted resolutions denouncing President Taft, Secretary of State Knox and the United States generally for the action taken by America regarding Nicaragua.

The resolutions state that the dismissal of the Nicaraguan minister, the letter of denunciation sent by Secretary Knox to President Zelaya and the sending of warships and troops to Nicaragua are violations of the first principles of international rights.

ZELAYA WILL SOON STEP DOWN AND OUT

(By Associated Press.)

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, December 10.—It is authoritatively stated here that President Zelaya will resign within the next three weeks.

CLAIM RECORDS WERE FAKED FOR EXPLORER

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, December 9.—Capt. August Loose and George Dunkie, who were supposed to have accompanied Explorer Cook to the North Pole, made sworn statements today to the effect that they faked the records presented in their name to prove that Doctor Cook reached the North Pole in advance of Commander Peary.

These men tell a story of their work, and claim that they have now exposed the whole scheme because they have not been paid by Doctor Cook and his associates as promised.

These statements have created a profound sensation, and, taken in connection with the affidavits that Doctor Cook never reached the top of Mount McKinley, they combine to prove the much-advertised explorer to be one of the monumental fakers of the century.

CANAL COMMISSIONER TENDERS RESIGNATION

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, December 9.—Senator Joseph Clay S. Blackburn today tendered his resignation as a member of the Isthmian Canal Commission to President Taft.

Blackburn is a Democrat and was appointed to canal commission on April 1, 1907, by President Roosevelt. He has served twice in the senate and once in the Kentucky legislature. His successor on the commission has not yet been appointed.

NEW MINORITY LEADER.

By Ernest G. Walker.

WASHINGTON, December 9.—The mantle of the leader of the Democratic forces in the senate has fallen on the shoulders of Senator Fernando de Soto Money of Mississippi, succeeding Senator Culberson of Texas. He was appointed in October, 1907, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of James Z. George and was the following year elected for the remainder of the term which expired in 1899. His present term expires in 1911.

MARINE DISASTER.

(By Associated Press.)

SANTO DOMINGO, December 9.—The steamship Johanna, loaded with sugar from Buio, Philippines, for the Philadelphia market, has foundered at sea. The captain was the only one of the ship's company saved.